

MEMORANDUM

TO: COUNCIL PROCESS COMMITTEE DATE: SEPTEMBER 20, 2021

FROM: CORPORATE ADMINSTRATION DIVISION FILE NO: 3900-25

SUBJECT: AMENDING THE COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW TO PERMIT COUNCIL

MEMBER ATTANDANCE BY MEANS OF ELECTRONIC OR OTHER

COMMUNICATION FACILITIES

During the Provincial State of Emergency due to COVID 19, *Ministerial Order M192* allowed all local governments in British Columbia to conduct Council and Council Committee meetings via electronic means. This Order is due to expire on September 28, 2021. On September 29, 2021 all Township of Langley Council meetings will have to be attended in person by members of Council as there are no provisions in the current Council Procedure Bylaw to allow for attendance via electronic means. It is not expected that The Ministry of Municipal Affairs will extend the provisions of *M192* as they have advised local governments if they wish to continue to have electronic meetings, they will need to amend their Procedure Bylaw.

Amendments to the Community Charter incorporated in Bill 10 will be brought into force on September 29, 2021. The amendments will allow for further expansion of electronic meetings. The discussion to expand upon electronic meetings was referred to a Council Process Committee meeting during the July 12, 2021 Regular Meeting of Council. Legislatively the advertisement and bylaw readings for the expansion of electronic meetings cannot begin until after the expiration of *M192* and the amendments to the *Community Charter* being brought into force.

With an uncertain future of COVID 19 infection rates, Council members may wish to continue attending Council meetings electronically. The attached potential amendment bylaw is compliant with the current Community Charter and is intended to provide Council with outline to begin discussions on an amendment to the Council Procedure Bylaw that would allow Council members to continue to attend meetings electronically in three circumstances:

- attendance at a Township business activity;
- a Federal, Provincial or Local State of Emergency; or
- illness, injury, or other health concern.

The potential amendment bylaw does not specifically cite COVID 19, but instead is written to be broader in nature to apply to COVID 19 and other health events that may occur in the future.

Should Council wish to provide for member to attend meetings electronically as soon as possible, the following timeline is provided:

- Monday, September 20, 2021 11:00am Council Process Committee
 - Council may discuss the potential bylaw and may direct staff to include the bylaw (with any amendments as directed by Council) for first, second and third readings in the Regular Meeting of September 20, 2021.
- Monday, September 20, 2021 1:00pm Regular Council Meeting
 - A motion for first, second, and third readings for the Amendment to the Council Procedure Bylaw may be added to the agenda.
 - Staff will need direction regarding the meeting type and time for final reading should first, second, and third reading be completed as the information is required for the statutory advertising.
- Thursday, September 23 and 30, 2021
 - If first, second, and third readings are granted, the required Public Notice will be published in the Langley Advance Times.
- Monday, October 4, 2021
 - Final reading may be heard to enact the Council Procedure Amendment Bylaw.
 - Council may choose to hear final reading of the Amendment Bylaw at the Regular Meeting scheduled for 1:00pm or schedule a Special Meeting prior to the Regular meeting.

ATTACHMENT A Potential Amendment for Bylaw 5199
ATTACHMENT B Consolidated Council Process Committee Bylaw No. 5199

B.1 ATTACHMENT A

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LANGLEY

COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW 2016 NO. 5199 AMENDMENT BYLAW NO. XXXX

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Bylaw 2021 No. XXXX amends Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199. The bylaw incorporates amendments as prescribed in the *Community Charter, [SBC 2003] CHAPTER 26*, to allow Council members to attend Council meetings electronically due to specified events/conditions.

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LANGLEY

COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW 2016 NO. 5199 AMENDMENT BYLAW NO. XXXX

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Township of Langley, in Open Meeting Assembled, ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. This Bylaw may be cited for all purposes as "Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199 Amendment Bylaw 2021 No. XXXX".
- 2. The "Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199", as amended, is further amended:
 - (a) Part 5 Meetings of Council

Add the following:

Electronic Meetings

- 5.22 A Special Meeting of Council may be conducted by means of electronic or other communication facilities.
- 5.23 The Chair of the meeting and the Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk must be present for Regular meetings of Council at the location specified in section 5.07 of this bylaw until such time as the *Community Charter* and/or other applicable statutory and regulatory schemes permit Regular meetings of Council to be conducted using electronic or other communication facilities.
- 5.24 A Council member who is unable to attend a Regular or Special Council Meeting location due to one of the following:
 - a) attendance at a Township business activity;
 - b) a Federal, Provincial or Local State of Emergency; or
 - c) illness, injury, or other health concern;

may participate in the meeting by means of electronic or other communication facilities.

5.25 Except for any part of a meeting that is closed to the public, the public must be able to hear, or watch and hear any Council members participating by means of electronic or other communication facilities.

Bylaw No. Page 2

- 5.26 A Council member must advise the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk of the intent to attend the meeting via electronic or other communication facilities:
 - a) before noon on the fifth (5th) calendar day preceding a Regular scheduled meeting; or
 - b) as soon as practical prior to a Special meeting.
- 5.27 Council members who are participating in a meeting conducted in accordance with this section are deemed to be present at the meeting.
- 5.28 Should the electronic or other communication facility fail, and a Council member is no longer able to hear or be heard during a Council meeting, the member will be deemed to have left the meeting until such time as communication is restored.

NOTICE GIVEN THE X day of September 2021.

SECOND NOTICE GIVEN THE X October 2021.

May	/or	Township Clerk
ADOPTED the	day of	, 2021
READ A THIRD TIME the	day of	, 2021
READ A SECOND TIME the	day of	, 2021
READ A FIRST TIME the	day of	, 2021

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LANGLEY

COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW 2016 NO. 5199

A Bylaw Regulating the Procedures of Council, its Committees, and other Bodies Pursuant to the *Community Charter*, S.B.C. 2003, c. 26

EXPLANATORY NOTE

CONSOLIDATED FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY

Bylaw 2016 No. 5199 repeals and replaces "The Corporation of the Township of Langley Council Procedure Bylaw 2010 No. 4838 and its amendments, thereto, to provide an updated set of rules of procedure for Council and its committees, pursuant to the Community Charter, S.B.C. 2003, s. 26.

Amending Bylaw No. 5522 – adopted November 18, 2019

Bylaw 2019 No. 5522 amends Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199. The bylaw incorporates amendments to:

- Provide for the automatic release of specified items from Closed Council meetings;
- Permit Third, or Third and Final readings during a Public Hearing Council meeting;
- the Delegation process; and
- Housekeeping items.

Amending Bylaw No. 5592 – adopted March 27, 2020

Bylaw 2020 No. 5592 amends Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199. The bylaw incorporates amendments as prescribed in the *Community Charter*, *[SBC 2003] CHAPTER 26*, to allow electronic meetings in the event of a public emergency or disaster in the community. The bylaw will remain in force from the date of adoption thru the end of day, December 31, 2020.

CONSOLIDATED BYLAW PREPARED BY THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LANGLEY <u>FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY</u>. THE TOWNSHIP DOES NOT WARRANT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS CONSOLIDATION IS CURRENT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PERSON USING THIS CONSOLIDATION TO ENSURE THAT IT ACCURATELY REFLECTS CURRENT BYLAW PROVISIONS.

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THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LANGLEY

COUNCIL PROCEDURE BYLAW 2016 NO. 5199

A Bylaw Regulating the Procedures of Council, its Committees, and other Bodies Pursuant to the *Community Charter*, S.B.C. 2003, c.26

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Township of Langley, in Open Meeting Assembled, ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

PART 1-TITLE

1.01 This Bylaw may be cited for all purposes as "Township of Langley Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199".

PART 2 - DEFINITIONS

Definitions and Interpretation

2.01 In this Bylaw,

"Administrator" means the Chief Administrative Officer;

"Advisory Committee" means a committee of persons appointed by Council, in addition to Council Members and/or staff members, to advise Mayor and Council, and staff;

"Chair" means the Mayor, Acting Mayor, or Member appointed under the Community Charter or this Bylaw who is presiding at a meeting;

"Civic Facility" means the Civic Facility located at 20338 – 65 Avenue, Langley, British Columbia, V2Y 3J1;

"Committee" means a standing, select, or other committee;

"Community Charter" means the Community Charter of the Province of British Columbia;

"Corporate Officer" means a person responsible for corporate administration, appointed under the Community Charter;

"Council" means the Council of the Township;

"Councillor" means a member of the Council other than the Mayor;

"**Delegation**" means a member of the public or representative of an organization who addresses Council, a Council Advisory Committee, a Board, or a Public Hearing about a specific item on the agenda of a meeting;

"Local Government Act" means the Local Government Act of the Province of British Columbia;

"Majority Vote" means that more than half of the Members present, with a quorum present, vote in favor of a resolution, main motion, bylaw, amendment or any other secondary motions;

"Mayor" means the Mayor of the Township, and includes a Councillor acting as Mayor under this Bylaw;

"Member" means a voting member of the Council, including the Mayor or any Councillor of the Township;

"Public Notice Posting Place" means the Public Notice Board at Corporate Customer Service on the second floor of the Civic Facility and the Township Website;

"Quorum" means:

- (1) in the case of Statutory, Regular, and Special meetings of Council, five (5) elected members of Council; and
- (2) in the case of a committee or other body, more than half of the voting members appointed;

"Regular Meeting" means a Council meeting convened regularly in accordance with Part 5:

"Social Media" means a web site used by individuals or groups to share ideas, information, messages and other content such as audio and video images;.

"Special Meeting" means a Council meeting other than a Statutory, Regular or adjourned meeting;

"Township" means The Corporation of the Township of Langley:

"Township Clerk or Deputy Township Clerk" means the Corporate Officer for the Township, assigned the responsibility of Corporate Administration of the Township under the Community Charter";

"Township Website" means the information resource found at an internet address provided by the Township of Langley:

"Unanimous consent" means an informal way of taking a vote, used only for routine and not-controversial decisions, usually of a procedural nature, e.g.: The Chair asks: "Is there any objection to extending the time for this speaker by 2 minutes?," pauses, and if no Members objects says: "There being no objections, the time is so extended." If a Member does object, the Chair takes a show of hands: "There are objections and we'll take a show of hands. Those in favour of granting an extra two minutes raise one hand. Thank you. Those opposed raise one hand. Thank you. The two minutes extension has been granted (or has not been granted)";

"Unintentional" means not intentional or deliberate.

#5522 18/11/19

PART 3 - INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION

Rules of Procedure

3.01 The rules and regulations contained in this bylaw apply to proceedings of the Council and Committees established by Council.

The definitions and provisions in the Community Charter and the Local Government Act apply to this Bylaw and supersede any provisions in this Bylaw that may conflict with the Community Charter or the Local Government Act. If an amendment to the Community Charter or the Local Government Act creates a conflict between the applicable legislation and this Bylaw, such an amendment shall come into effect immediately, this Bylaw shall be deemed to have been altered.

Irregularity

3.02 When a specific provision of this bylaw, which does not originate in *the Community Charter* or *the Local Government Act*, is unintentionally incorrectly applied, it shall not affect the validity of the resolution or bylaws approved.

Section Titles

3.03 Section titles are for reference purposes only and should not be used for interpretation or deemed to add to or deviate from the language of the section.

Terms and Parliamentary Procedures

3.04 A Glossary of Terms and Parliamentary Procedures is attached as Appendix D.

PART 4 - INAUGURAL MEETING OF COUNCIL

Inaugural Meeting

#5522 18/11/19 4.01 Following a general local election, the first meeting of a newly elected Council shall be held at 7:00pm on the first Monday of the month immediately following the election.

Schedule and Designation of Acting Mayor

- 4.02 At the Inaugural Meeting of Council, Council must approve by resolution, a schedule designating each Councillor to an equal number of weeks over their term of office for specifying the period they are Acting Mayor. As Acting Mayor, the designated Councillor is the member responsible for acting in the place of the Mayor in his or her absence or otherwise unable to act or when the office of Mayor is vacant and, the Acting Mayor has the same powers and duties as the Mayor.
- 4.03 The Inaugural Meeting shall be the only meeting of Council scheduled for the day that the Inaugural Meeting occurs.

PART 5 - MEETINGS OF COUNCIL

Schedule of Council Meetings

5.01 Council's meeting schedule shall include Regular Council Afternoon, Regular Council Evening, and Regular Council Public Hearing.

The agenda for the Regular Council Public Hearing may also include other non-Public Hearing related items that require Council action or direction.

#5522 18/11/19

Special Closed Council meetings may be scheduled to occur within Regular Afternoon or Regular Evening Council meetings.

- 5.02 Prior to the last meeting of Council in December of each year, Council shall approve its schedule of Regular Council meetings for the following year.
- 5.03 Council may, by resolution:
 - a) cancel or reschedule any Regular Meeting;
 - b) change the time or location for holding the meeting; or
 - c) call an additional Regular Meeting at the time and place stipulated in the resolution.

Public Notice of Council Meeting Schedule

5.04 Council must prepare annually, on or before January 1, a schedule of the dates, times, and places of Regular Council meetings and must make the schedule available to the public by posting it at the Public Notice Posting Place.

Advertising Availability of Regular Council Meeting Schedule

#5522 18/11/19

- 5.05 Council must give notice annually, of the availability of the schedule of Regular Council meetings beginning on January 1, and publish the notice once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper distributed at least weekly in the Township and posted in the Public Notice Posting Place.
- 5.06 If under section 5.03, revisions are necessary to the annual schedule of Regular Council meetings, the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk must, as soon as practicable:
 - a) post a notice at the Public Notice Posting Place which indicates any revisions to the date, time, and place or cancellation of a Regular Meeting of Council; and
 - b) revise the schedule referred to in section 5.04.

Location of Regular Council Meetings

5.07 A Regular meeting of Council must be held at the Civic Facility, 20338 – 65 Avenue, Langley, BC unless by resolution Council approves an alternate location.

Scheduling of Regular Council Meetings

5.08 **Council's Regular Meetings** are held as per the schedule adopted annually, except where such meetings are subsequently canceled, postponed, or added, and the public is so notified.

Regular Council Afternoon

#5522 18/11/19 5.09 Regular Council Afternoon meetings are scheduled as per the schedule adopted by Council and shall start at the time set by the Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk (or designated staff person) and end no later than 6:00pm, unless Council Members present unanimously consent to or adopt a resolution to extend the meeting.

Regular Council Evening

5.10 Regular Council Evening meetings are scheduled as per the schedule adopted by Council and shall start at the time set by the Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk (or designated staff person) and end no later than 10:00pm, unless Council Members present unanimously consent to or adopt a resolution to extend the meeting.

Regular Council Public Hearing

5.11 Regular Council Public Hearing meetings are scheduled as per the schedule adopted by Council and shall start at the time set by the Township Clerk / Deputy Clerk (or designated staff person) and end no later than 11:00pm, unless Council Members present unanimously consent to or adopt a resolution to extend the meeting.

Special Closed Meeting of Council

- 5.12 Special Closed Meetings of Council are held after the commencement of a Regular Council Afternoon meeting or other open Council meeting, upon resolution of Council to exclude the public from the meeting in relation to one or more matters specified in the *Community Charter* and may be called in accordance with the following provisions:
 - a) Before a Special (Closed) Meeting is convened, Council must adopt a resolution in an open meeting, as per Section 92 in *the Community Charter*, specifying the clauses under Section 90 in *the Community Charter* under which such a meeting is being called.
 - b) For each Special (Closed) Meeting, the resolution(s) under Section 92 of the Community Charter must always include clause 90(1)(n) of the Community Charter, so as to allow Council to debate and determine the appropriateness of the closed meeting status of the items included in the resolution.
 - c) No items may be added to a closed meeting agenda while such a meeting is in progress, unless Council, at a subsequent open meeting, adopts a separate resolution to authorize such an addition to the agenda.
 - d) Upon the direction of Council to declassify the proceedings of a closed meeting and/or any related documents, the Corporate Officer shall make the relevant materials public.

- e) The minutes of a closed meeting may include only the topics and the decisions made.
- f) No outsider, including an invited advisor, may attend a Special (Closed) Meeting unless he or she is invited to attend by Council.

#5522 18/11/19

- g) The following items occurring at Closed Council meetings are considered released by Council with the provisions described below:
 - The names of appointed individuals and Council members that have been selected for Township of Langley committees and outside organizations upon notification of the individuals.
 - The names of individuals that are receiving awards or honours bestowed by the Township of Langley upon notification of the individual or family.
 - Property Acquisition and Disposal Reports to Council sixty (60) business days after the conclusion of the transaction, subject to the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.

Calling of Meeting to Order and Quorum

- 5.13 As soon as there is a quorum present after the time specified for a meeting, the Mayor, if present, must take the Chair and call the Council meeting to order.
- 5.14 If the Mayor is absent, the Acting Mayor must take the Chair and call the meeting to order.
- 5.15 If the Mayor and the Acting Mayor do not attend within thirty (30) minutes after the time appointed for a meeting of Council, the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk shall call the meeting to order and a temporary Acting Mayor shall be appointed from among the Members present and shall preside until the arrival of the Mayor or the Acting Mayor and, while presiding, shall have all the powers of the Mayor.
- 5.16 If there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes of the time set for the commencement of a duly scheduled meeting of Council, the Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk shall:
 - a) record the names of the Members present and the meeting shall stand adjourned until the date of the next Regular Meeting of Council; and
 - b) place all business on the agenda that is not dealt with at that meeting on the agenda for the next Regular Meeting.

Open Meeting Requirement

#5522 18/11/19

- 5.17 With the exception of Closed Meetings (called under Clause 5.12), all meetings are open to the public to observe. In support of transparency and Community Charter requirements, the following provisions apply:
 - Members must not substantially advance the decision making process via electronic media or via private gatherings that are not advertised and are not open to the public to observe;
 - b) Although agenda reviews and purely educational sessions that do not advance Council's decision making process are not deemed to be meetings and may be held

privately, a clear statement shall be made at the start of such sessions and, if needed, as such sessions progress, that Council's decision making process must not be advanced during such sessions.

#5522 18/11/19

5.18 Council may have a five (5) minute break after two (2) consecutive hours of a Council meeting.

Electronic Meetings

#5592 27/03/20

- 5.19 A Council member who is unable to attend a Regular Council or Special Council meeting due to a public emergency or disaster in the community, may participate in the meetings by means of visual and audio electronic or other communication.
- 5.20 For all meeting open to the public, the Chair of the meeting and the Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk must be in attendance in the location that the public may attend to hear or watch and hear the meeting.
- 5.21 The Part 5, Sections 19 and 20 expire at 11:59pm, December 31, 2020.

PART 6 – COUNCIL MEETING AGENDAS

Order of Business

6.01 Unless otherwise resolved by Council, business must be dealt with at every Regular Meeting in the order in which it stands upon the Agenda.

Agendas

#5522 18/11/19

- 6.02 Prior to each Council meeting, the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk must prepare an agenda setting out all the items for consideration at that meeting, noting in short form a summary for each item on the agenda. An outline of Agenda headings that may be used for meetings of Council is attached as Appendix A. With the exception of the headings "Mayor and Council Report", Metro Vancouver Representative's Report" and "Other Business", where there is no agenda item to be included under a heading, it is not required to include the heading.
- 6.03 If the agenda for the meeting contains a proposed resolution to close all or part of the meeting to the public, the agenda must state the basis under the *Community Charter* on which all or part of the meeting is to be closed, but the agenda need not otherwise describe the matter in respect of which all or part of the meeting is to be closed. Notification for a Special Closed Council meeting must be provided in accordance with the *Community Charter*.

Deadline for Submissions to Agenda

6.04 The deadline for delivery by the public to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk of written submissions or requests for a delegation for inclusion on the Council meeting Agenda is noon on the fifth (5th) calendar day preceding the meeting.

Agenda Available to the Public

- 6.05 The Township Clerk/Deputy Clerk must make the agenda available to the public by posting the agenda on the Public Notice Posting Place by noon (12:00pm) on the third (3rd) calendar day preceding the meeting, or as otherwise determined by Council.
- 6.06 If a portion of an agenda refers to items to be considered at a meeting from which the public is excluded, that portion of the agenda must not be made available to the public, except as referred to in section 6.03.

New Business

6.07 Any Member of Council, may file in writing an item for inclusion in the agenda prior to noon (12:00pm) on the fifth (5th) calendar day preceding the meeting; or

If the Member deems the item urgent, providing notice to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk prior to 10:00am of the day of the meeting. Adding of late items to the agenda requires a majority vote or unanimous consent of the Council members at the time of the adoption of the meeting agenda.

Statutory Public Hearings

- 6.08 The conduct of Public Hearings required by statute and must be in accordance with the Public Hearing Protocol and attached to this Bylaw as Appendix "B".
- #5522 18/11/19
- 6.09 Council Motions for Third Reading, or Third Reading and Final Adoption, may be, by two-thirds (2/3) vote of Council, and without debate, considered at the same meeting in which the Public Hearing for the bylaw(s) has concluded upon confirmation from the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk that no further written submissions have been received for Council's consideration.
- #5522 18/11/19
- 6.10 A Clerk's Note that advises Council may consider Third Reading or Third Reading and Final Adoption will appear on the agenda with each Public Hearing item.

PART 7 - SPECIAL MEETINGS OF COUNCIL

Special Meeting

7.01 A special meeting may be called in compliance with applicable enactments.

Notice of Special Meeting

- 7.02 A Notice of Special Meeting signed by the Mayor or the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk, stating the purpose of the special meeting in general terms, date, hour, and place, must be given at least 24 hours before the time of meeting, by:
 - a) posting a copy of the notice at the Regular Council meeting place;
 - b) posting a copy of the notice at the Public Notice Posting Place; and
 - c) providing notice to each Council member at the place to which the Member has directed notices be sent.

Two or more council members may, in writing, request the Mayor call a Special Council meeting (as per the *Community Charter*).

Council may, as per the Community Charter, waive the notice for a Special Meeting in urgent cases by a unanimous vote of all its Members. Waiving of public notice must be kept to a minimum noting Council's preference to be as transparent and accountable as possible.

Agenda for Special Meeting

- 7.03 The Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk must prepare an agenda for each special meeting which must state in general terms the nature of each item of business to be dealt with at the special meeting.
- 7.04 If the agenda contains a proposed resolution to close all or part of the special meeting to the public, the notice must state the basis under the *Community Charter* on which all or part of the meeting is to be closed, but the notice must not otherwise describe the matter in respect of which all or part of the meeting is to be closed.

PART 8 – CHAIR

Appointment of Chair

8.01 The Chair of each meeting is the Mayor or, in the Mayor's absence, the Acting Mayor.

Chair in Absence of Mayor and Acting Mayor

8.02 Section 5.15 applies if the Mayor or the scheduled Acting Mayor are not in attendance at the start of a meeting, and a guorum is present.

Rights and Restrictions of Mayor

8.03 The Chair has the same rights, must vote, may make and second motions, may participate in debate and is subject to the same restrictions in relation to participating in debate as other Members of the Council.

Chair Must Maintain Order

- 8.04 The Chair must preserve and decide questions of order.
- 8.05 To raise a point of order, the Member must first ask leave of the Chair to raise a point of order and after leave is granted, state the point of order to the Chair who must then state and decide the point of order.
- 8.06 If a Member considers that the Member's integrity or the integrity of the Council as a whole has been called into question, the Member may, as a point of privilege, draw the matter to the attention of Council.

Appeal from Decision of the Chair (Chair is Challenged)

- 8.07 On appeal by a Member of a decision of the Chair, the question as to whether the Chair is to be sustained must be put to a vote immediately by the Chair and decided without debate.
- 8.08 The Chair must not vote on the question as to whether he or she is to be sustained.
- 8.09 The Chair must be governed by the vote of the majority of the other members present.
- 8.10 If the votes are equal, the ruling of the Chair will be sustained or upheld.
- 8.11 The names of the Members voting for or against the question must be recorded in the minutes.
- 8.12 If the Chair refuses to put the question under subsection 8.07 to a vote, the Council must immediately appoint another Member to preside temporarily. The presiding Member must proceed, and a resolution or motion carried under this subsection is as binding as if carried under subsection 8.07.

PART 9 – RULES OF CONDUCT AND DEBATE

Conduct and Debate of Council Members

- 9.01 All discussion, questions or comments should be addressed to the Chair.
- 9.02 A person must refer to the Mayor as "Your Worship", "Mister or Madam Mayor", as the case may be, or by the Mayor's surname preceded by "Mayor".

A person must refer to Council members as "Councillor		
A person must refer to staff member "The Director of ".	s as "Mr" or "Ms	_" O

- 9.03 Members may not interrupt a Member who is speaking except to raise a point of order, point of privilege or to request a statement of the rule that applies to a point of order.
- 9.04 Any Member may require the question or motion under discussion to be read at any time during the debate, but not so as to interrupt a Member while speaking.
- 9.05 Members who are called to order by the Chair:
 - a) must immediately stop speaking;
 - b) may explain their position on the point of order; and
 - c) may appeal to Council for its decision on the point of order in accordance with the *Community Charter*.

Recognition and Speaking Order of Council Members

9.06 A Member who wishes to speak or make a motion at a meeting must wait to be recognized by the Chair. Recognition is generally on a first-come-first-served basis.

- The Chair (or designated person) must keep a speaker's line up. The speaker's line up may be maintained electronically.
- 9.07 The Member who moves a motion is entitled to speak on it for the first time in preference to other Members, but does not have the right of speaking last.
- 9.08 Each Member is entitled to speak up to two (2) times on each debatable motion, for a period not to exceed ten (10) minutes at a time, except when granted permission by Council to exceed those limits.
- 9.09 A Member who wishes to speak for the second time on the same motion must wait until those who wish to speak on it for the first time have spoken.
- 9.10 Where applicable, a Member may request the Chair to divide a motion, where it is practical to separate into two or more votes on a motion.
- 9.11 A Member must not speak to a matter already disposed of by the Council, except on a motion for reconsideration in accordance with section 10.10 and 10.11 of this bylaw, or the *Community Charter*.

Improper Conduct

- 9.12 Members must conduct themselves at all times with behavior respectful of their duties as members of Council and not use offensive or derogatory words or unparliamentarily language in a meeting or against the Council, Council members or staff.
- 9.13 No Member or person attending the meeting may cause a disturbance, disrupt or in any manner unduly delay the conduct of business at a meeting.
- 9.14 No Member may speak on any subject other than the subject in debate.
- 9.15 No Member may criticize any decision of the Council during a Council meeting except for the purpose of moving that the question be reconsidered.
- 9.16 No members shall engage in or place postings on social media while a meeting of Council is in progress.
- 9.17 Members must adhere to the rules of procedure established under this bylaw and to the decisions of the Mayor and Council in connection with the rules and points of order.
- 9.18 Pursuant to the *Community Charter* and Council Policy, in regards to improper conduct of persons attending Township of Langley Council meetings, if the Chair deems a person, other than a member, to be acting improperly the person may be expelled from the meeting.
- 9.19 If a person, other than a Member, resists or disobeys an order of the Chair to leave a meeting of Council, that person may be removed by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk, or, if necessary, by a peace officer at the direction of the Chair.
- 9.20 No member shall speak disrespectfully of the Reigning Sovereign, any member of the Royal Family, the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor of any Province, any Member of the Senate, the House of Commons of Canada, the Legislative Assembly of

the Province of British Columbia or any elected Municipal Council or Municipal Council member.

PART 10 - MOTIONS

Motions Generally

- 10.01 Motions that come before Council meetings must have been included in the precirculated agenda, except:
 - a) as provided in section 6.07;
 - b) when a resolution only included a direction to staff to craft a motion for a subsequent meeting; or
 - c) when the Chair deems a motion that was not included with the pre-circulated agenda to be of minimal impact and therefore not requiring advance notice to the public.
- 10.02 Motions must be phrased in a clear and concise manner so as to express an opinion or achieve a result and the Chair may require that motions be put in writing for purposes of clarity.
- 10.03 A motion containing distinct proposals may be divided by leave of Council.
- 10.04 A motion must be first moved by one Council member and seconded by another before debate can take place on the motion.
- 10.05 A motion in respect of a matter which is beyond the jurisdiction of the Council is not in order.
- 10.06 A motion on a point of privilege must receive disposition of Council upon receipt and when settled, the question must be resumed from the point where it was suspended (examples: fix the time to adjourn, adjourn or recess).
- 10.07 After a motion is read or stated, it is deemed to be in the possession of the Council, but may be withdrawn by Council at any time before decision or amendment.
- 10.08 If the Chair is of the opinion that there has been sufficient debate, he or she may put the question to a vote.

Recording of Motions

10.09 Every motion that is seconded must be recorded in writing into the Minutes by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk. The Minutes must record the results of the vote as either CARRIED or DEFEATED. Members voting in opposition to the motion shall have their names recorded in the Minutes.

Motions to Reconsider, Rescind or Amend Previously Adopted Motion

10.10 The Mayor may require Council to reconsider and vote again on a previously adopted motion pursuant to the *Community Charter*.

10.11 Councillors may bring a resolution or bylaw back before Council under the following rules:

	Adopted Resolution or Bylaw	Defeated Resolution or Bylaw
Re-visiting a resolution or bylaw during the same meeting of the original vote	A motion to reconsider a resolution or bylaw that was adopted can be made at the same meeting by a member who voted in favor of the resolution or bylaw. A seconder is required, the motion to reconsider is debatable, and – if it is adopted (by a majority vote) – the original vote is canceled, and the resolution or bylaw is once again before Council for debate. See Note 1 below.	A motion to reconsider a resolution or bylaw that was defeated can be made at the same meeting by a member who voted against the resolution or bylaw. A seconder is required, the motion to reconsider is debatable, and – if it is adopted (by a majority vote) – the original vote is canceled and the resolution or bylaw is once again before Council for debate.
Re-visiting a resolution or bylaw at a subsequent meeting	Upon sufficient notice, pursuant to section 6.07, any member, regardless of how he or she voted on an adopted resolution or bylaw, can move a motion that the adopted resolution or bylaw be reconsidered. Upon approval of reconsideration, the motion to rescind or amendsomething-previously-adopted requires a seconder, is debatable, and requires a majority vote to adopt. See notes 1 and 2 below.	Any member, regardless of how he or she voted on a defeated resolution or bylaw, can bring back a resolution or bylaw for reconsideration under the procedures for introducing new business, pursuant to section 6.07. See note 3 below.
	Note 1: An adopted resolution or bylaw can only be re-visited if it has not had the approval or assent of the electors and has not been acted upon in a manner that is impossible to reverse or modify. Note 2: If the same or substantially the same motion to rescind or amend-something-previously-adopted is defeated a second time in three (3) months, it may not be renewed for at least six (6) months, except if Council, by a majority vote, permits such renewal.	Note 3: If the same or substantially the same resolution or bylaw is defeated a second time in three (3) months, it may not be renewed for at least six (6) months, except if Council, by a majority vote, permits such renewal.

Notice of Motion

- 10.12 A Member may provide a "Notice of Motion" that is to be read to Council by giving the text of the motion to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk during a Regular Council meeting or by providing it to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk by noon (12:00pm) on the fifth (5th) calendar day preceding the meeting.
- 10.13 Motions read to Council must appear in the minutes of that meeting as a "Notice of Motion" and be placed on the Agenda for the next Regular Meeting (Regular Afternoon or Regular Evening), unless otherwise stated by the maker of the Notice of Motion. The scheduling of Notice of Motion in the Regular Afternoon or Regular Evening meetings will be the determined by the meeting the Notice of Motion was read.
- 10.14 No Notice of Motion may proceed in the absence of the mover, unless the mover has provided the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk with written notification that the Notice of Motion may proceed in his or her absence.

Secondary Motions

- 10.15 At a meeting, Secondary Motions may be introduced, debated and voted on in a "last-in-first-out" sequence, e.g.: If an amendment is moved and seconded while a main motion is pending, the amendment is then debated and voted on, and then the debate on the main motion resumes.
- 10.16 Secondary motions include subsidiary, privileged and incidental motions. Appendix C forms part of this Bylaw, and provides the main rules for the Secondary Motions that are most frequently applied at meetings.

PART 11 – VOTING ON A MOTION

Voting on Motions

11.01 When a vote of Council is taken, each Member present must vote on the motion by raising his or her hand, or use of an electronic voting system where each Member present must vote on the motion by pressing the appropriate console button either "in favour" or "opposed", after the Chair calls for the vote. The Chair will then announce if the motion is carried or defeated, and the names of opposing Members. The Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk must record the names of the opposing Members in the minutes.

No Interruption after Question

11.02 After a question is put to a vote by the Chair, no Member may speak to the question nor provide any further motions until after the vote is taken and the results have been declared.

No Departure from Meeting once a Vote has been Called

11.03 Unless excused as a result of not being entitled to vote, no Member may leave a meeting once a vote on a matter has been called.

Motions Shall be Decided by the Majority

11.04 Every motion, other than those motions specified in sections 7.02, 13.03 and 16.01, must be decided by the majority of the Members present at the meeting.

Abstention Deemed Affirmative

11.05 A Member present at a meeting at the time of the vote, who abstains from voting, is deemed to have voted in the affirmative on the question.

Equal Votes

11.06 Except as in section 8.10, if the votes of the Members present at the meeting are equal for and against a question, the question is defeated and the Chair must declare this result.

Disagreement on Disposition of Question

11.07 If a Member disagrees with the announcement of the Chair that a question has been carried or defeated, the Member may, but only immediately after the declaration by the Chair, request that a new vote be taken.

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Adoption of Censure Motions of Council Members

11.08 A motion to censure any member of Council requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3).

PART 12 – MINUTES OF MEETINGS

Minutes of the Proceedings of Council

- 12.01 All minutes of the proceedings of Council must be:
 - a) legibly recorded;
 - b) adopted by a resolution of Council;
 - signed and certified as correct by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk or designate;
 - d) signed by the Chair at the meeting at which the Minutes were adopted;
 - e) a record of the place, date, and time of the meeting, the names of the Members in attendance, the adoption and correction, if necessary, of the minutes of the prior meetings, and all other proceedings of the meeting without note or comment, except for explanation or clarification purposes; and
 - f) open for public inspection at the Civic Facility during its regular office hours, except for the minutes of that part of a council meeting from which persons were excluded under the Community Charter (Closed Meetings).
- 12.02 The names of movers and seconders will be recorded in the minutes.

12.03 The written minutes shall be considered the official record of Council and Committee meetings.

Minutes of Committee Meetings

- 12.04 All minutes of committee meetings must be:
 - a) legibly recorded;
 - b) signed and certified by the Member presiding at the meeting where they are approved; and
 - c) open for public inspection at the Civic Facility during its regular office hours, except for the minutes of that part of a committee meeting from which persons were excluded under the *Community Charter*.

Delivery of Minutes

12.05 The Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk must prepare and provide each Council Member the minutes of special and Regular Meetings by 4:30pm on the third calendar day prior to the meeting at which they are scheduled for adoption.

Adoption of Minutes

- 12.06 The minutes of every meeting must be adopted by resolution of the Council.
- 12.07 A record of any amendment to the minutes of a meeting must appear in the next set of Council meeting minutes.
- 12.08 The minutes may be adopted by resolution of the Council without being read to the meeting.
- 12.09 Any error or omission in the minutes may be identified by a Member orally and rectified by a resolution, failing which the adoption of the minutes shall be postponed to the next meeting.
- 12.10 The minutes of a meeting from which the public is excluded must be adopted at a subsequent special meeting from which the public is excluded.

PART 13 - DELEGATIONS

Application to Present as a Public Delegation

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- 13.01 Receipt of delegation applications:
 - a) A citizen or group may submit an application to speak at a Council Meeting as a public delegation, and such person or group may request that a related document, petition or proposal be placed before Council, by submitting a completed application form to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk by noon (12:00pm) of the fifth (5th) day preceding the meeting at which they wish to be heard. Applications received after the deadline regarding items not on the meeting agenda will be forwarded to the next scheduled meeting.

- b) For On-Agenda items only, late applications to speak as a delegation can be submitted to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk by 10:00am of the day of the Regular meeting. Applications received after the 10:00am deadline will not be added to the agenda and will be forwarded to the next scheduled meeting.
- c) Delegation requests received after the deadline and not the subject of an item on the meeting agenda maybe deemed urgent at the discretion of the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk. The request may be forwarded to Council at the next scheduled meeting for approval. In recognition of the scope of business that requires Council's attention, and in the interests of transparency for all residents and stakeholders, an affirmative vote of two thirds (2/3) is required to add the speaker to an agenda.

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- 13.02 Delegation applications will not be scheduled and Delegations will not be heard that address the following:
 - a) a bylaw in respect of which a public hearing has been or will be held where the public hearing is required under an enactment as a pre-requisite to the adoption of the bylaw,
 - applicants submitting delegation requests prior to the bylaw's public hearing will be advised that Council will accept a written submission.
 - b) an issue which is before the courts or on which Council has authorized legal action:
 - c) a matter in respect of which a Township-led public consultation process is planned or is in progress;
 - d) the promotion of commercial projects or services;
 - e) the promotion of a political party or of a candidate for elected office;
 - f) publicly tendered contracts or proposals calls for the provision of goods and services for the Township, between the time that such contract or proposal call has been authorized and the time that such a contract or proposal call has been awarded, either by Council or Township staff;
 - g) a purpose or subject that is beyond the jurisdiction of Council;
 - h) a purpose or subject that Council reasonably determines is not in the public interest of the community;
 - i) any matter on which the delegate has already spoken to Council and where no new significant information is provided; and
 - j) individuals or organizations that have previously appeared during the annual quarter (January thru March, April thru June, July thru September, and October thru December), unless the individual or organization is statutorily authorized to be heard by Council, or required by law to be heard by Council.
- 13.03 In recognition of the scope of business that requires Council's attention, the number of public delegations shall be limited to five (5) at each meeting, unless Council, by a two thirds (2/3) vote, agrees to suspend the rules and hear additional delegations. Each public delegation may speak up to five (5) minutes and its presentation must be confined to the topic that was indicated in the application.
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- 13.04 Approval of Delegation applications:
 - a) It is the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk's duty to review, prioritize delegation requests and schedule them, subject to the provisions of this bylaw.

- b) A Delegation can appeal the decision of a Delegation Request by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk by providing a written request to Council that will be forwarded to Council at the next possible Council meeting. In the interests of transparency for all residents and stakeholders, an affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) is required to add the speaker to an agenda.
- c) Council may choose to deny a scheduled delegation by a majority vote. The motion may occur during the Agenda Approval motion of the next scheduled Council meeting or at the same meeting the delegation is scheduled to appear.
- 13.05 The following guidelines apply to Delegations:
 - a) speakers should not speak disrespectfully of any Council Member, staff Member, or any other person and must not use offensive words or gestures;

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- b) section 13.05 b) deleted by Bylaw No. 5522.
- c) when appearing before Council, the public must state name, neighbourhood and City for the record.

Responses to a Public Delegation

- 13.06 A presentation by a public delegation may be followed by questions for a period of up to five (5) minutes. Each Member may ask a brief clarifying question. When asking questions, Members may not enter debate with a presenter and must refrain from giving lengthy preambles to their questions.
- 13.07 If a public delegation or a citizen requests a substantive decision by Council, the request must be referred to Staff for review for information as to the background, financial implications, and staff recommendation prior to any action being taken.

Petitions and Communications

- 13.08 To be considered by Council, every communication including a petition designed to be presented to Council, must be legibly written or printed, shall not contain any obscene language, and shall be signed by at least one person, except electronic mail which is acceptable without signature, indicating the name and address of the correspondent.
- 13.09 Every petition or communication for inclusion in a Council meeting agenda must be delivered to the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk prior to noon on the fifth (5th) calendar day preceding the meeting of Council. Every petition presented to Council shall include the name and residential address of each petitioner with each page of the petition identifying what the petitioners are requesting clearly noted at the top in bold.

Proclamations

13.10 Proclamation requests must be listed under "Proclamations-Announcements" in the Correspondence section of the Agenda with the explanation "In an effort to make the community aware, the following proclamations have been requested." No other action will be taken by the Township in accordance with Council policy.

PART 14 - BYLAWS

Title and Bylaw Number

14.01 All proposed bylaws must have a bylaw number assigned by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk, a concise title indicating the purpose of the bylaw, and be divided into sections.

Proposed Bylaws to Council Members

14.02 Unless the Council otherwise resolves, the Council may not consider a proposed bylaw unless the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk has provided each Council Member with the proposed bylaw and it is included in the agenda for the meeting.

Readings of a Bylaw

14.03 The readings of a bylaw may be given in a short form by title and by reference to the bylaw number, provided the proposed bylaw has been included in the agenda.

Recording and Safekeeping of Bylaw

- 14.04 Every bylaw enacted by the Council shall be numbered, dated, and signed by the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk and the Chair of the Council meeting at which it was adopted, be placed in the Township's records for safekeeping, and endorsed with:
 - a) the Township's Corporate Seal;
 - b) the dates of its readings and adoption; and
 - c) the date of Ministerial approval or approval of the electors, if applicable.

Abandoned Bylaw

14.05 If a bylaw fails to receive a Mover and Seconder at any reading or at adoption and no outstanding matter applies to it, the bylaw is deemed to have been abandoned, subject only to reconsideration.

Amendment and Repeal of a Bylaw

14.06 Subject to the *Community Charter* or other enactments, a bylaw once adopted, may only be amended or repealed by a bylaw processed in the same manner as the original bylaw.

PART 15 - COMMITTEES

Committee Proceedings

15.01 In relation to committee meetings and in the transaction of all committee business, the applicable rules of procedure that govern meetings of Council shall apply.

PART 16 - GENERAL

Temporary Suspension of Rules and Orders

16.01 Any one or more of the rules and orders set out in this Bylaw may be temporarily suspended by a vote of two-thirds of the whole Council, except sections which require the unanimous approval of Council or sections that cannot be suspended without violating the provisions of the *Community Charter*.

Severability

16.02 If any section, subsection or clause of this bylaw is for any reason held to be invalid by the decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, then the invalid portion must be severed and the remainder of this bylaw is deemed to have been adopted without the severed section, subsection or clause.

Public Notification

16.03 This bylaw may not be amended, or repealed and substituted, unless Council first gives notice in accordance with Section 94 of the *Community Charter* describing the proposed changes in general terms.

Effective Date

16.04 Township of Langley Council Procedure Bylaw 2016 No. 5199 shall come into force upon the date the bylaw is adopted.

Bylaw No. 4838 Repealed

16.05 The Corporation of the Township of Langley Council Procedure Bylaw 2010 No. 4838 as amended, is repealed.

NOTICE GIVEN THE 28, and 29 day of April 2016. SECOND NOTICE GIVEN THE 5, and 6 day of May 2016.

READ A FIRST TIME the	09	day of	May	, 2016
READ A SECOND TIME the	09	day of	May	, 2016
READ A THIRD TIME the	09	day of	May	, 2016
RECONSIDERED AND ADOPTED the	30	day of	May	, 2016

"JACK FROESE"	Mayor	"WENDY BAUER"	Deputy Township Clerk
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Appendix A - Council Meeting Agenda Headings

The agendas for all Council Meetings may use the following headings under which the subjects will be listed in numerical order:

Inaugural Meeting of Council

- Oath of Office
- First Nation and Community Welcome
- Reports
- Appointments
- Acting Mayor Appointment
- Councillors' Inaugural Comments
- Mayor's Inaugural Address
- Termination

Regular Council Afternoon

- Adoption and Receipt of Agenda Items
- Adoption of Minutes
- Motion to Resolve into Special Closed meeting
- Presentations
- Delegations (Up to five (5) Delegations)
- Reports to Council
- Correspondence
- Minutes of Committees
- Associations and Other Government Agencies
- Items from Prior Meetings
- Other Business
- Termination

Regular Council Evening

- Adoption and Receipt of Agenda Items
- Adoption of Minutes
- Presentations
- Delegations (Up to five (5) Delegations)
- Reports to Council
- Bylaws for First and Second Reading
- Bylaws for First, Second, and Third Reading
- Bylaws for Consideration at Third Reading
- Bylaws for Final Adoption
- Items from Prior Meetings
- Mayor and Council Report
- Metro Vancouver Representative's Report
- Items Brought Forward for Public Information from Special Closed Meetings
- Items Having Prior Notice of Motion
- Other Business
- Termination

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Regular Council Public Hearing

- Adoption and Receipt of Agenda Items
- Development Permits
- Public Hearing
- Other Business*
- Termination

*Subsection 5.01 states that the agenda for Regular Council Public Hearing may also include other non-public hearing related items that require Council action or direction.

Special Closed Council

- Adoption and Receipt of Agenda Items
- Adoption of Minutes
- Presentations
- Delegations
- Reports
- Correspondence
- Items from Prior Meetings
- Other Business
- Items to be Brought Forward
- Termination

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Appendix B - Protocol for Public Hearings (Section 464 of the Local Government Act)

A Public Hearing is a statutory requirement under Section 464 of the *Local Government Act*, and must be held before third reading of a community plan, rural land use bylaw, zoning bylaw, land use contract amendment bylaw, heritage designation bylaw or heritage revitalization agreement bylaw which would change the use, or density of use, of property.

During a Public Hearing, Council acts in a quasi-judicial role for the purpose of allowing persons who believe their interest in property is affected by a bylaw, permit or other matter, to make representations to Council either orally or by written submission, or add comments or elaborate upon correspondence that may have already been presented to Council concerning the bylaws. It is important to note that Council is not in a position to receive any additional information on the bylaws following the Public Hearing, as dictated by case law.

The hearing procedure involves an explanation from the Community Development Division on the purpose of the proposed bylaws and to hear from individuals regarding the bylaws. In order to ensure that all interested parties have a reasonable opportunity to be heard, speakers are requested to keep representations as brief and succinct as possible and no longer than five minutes, excluding time required for questions from Council. Speakers will be asked to state their name, neighbourood and city for the record and if referring to prepared remarks, to submit copies of these to the Township Clerk. Decorum must be maintained at all times, this includes refraining from applause, booing, or heckling.

To assist with large numbers of speakers, individuals may advise the Township Clerk/Deputy Township Clerk and sign the speakers list prior to the commencement of the public hearing. The names on the speakers list will be read out during the hearing; however the Chair will also call for any other speakers wishing to present their views once the speakers on the list have all been heard. Individuals who have already addressed Council and wish to add further submissions will wait until the people that have not yet addressed Council have had an opportunity to speak. All submissions and speakers lists are considered part of the public record.

Council members should not express their views nor debate the bylaws, but may question speakers to clarify particular points in the submissions. Council may consider Third Reading, or Third Reading and Final Adoption, at this meeting or at its next Regular Meeting to be held:

Monday, (DATE), at 7:00pm at the Fraser River Presentation Theatre 4th Floor, 20338 – 65 Avenue, Langley, BC

Appendix C - Secondary Motions

Subsidiary Motions

The seven subsidiary motions below can assist a meeting in treating or disposing of a resolution or bylaw. All seven require a majority vote. They can be decided formally or, if there is no objection, they can be decided by unanimous consent, for example: "If there is no objection, we will end debate and proceed to the vote."

The Motion	The Usage	The Process
Postpone Indefinitely	A motion to decline to take a	A seconder is required.
	position on a pending main motion.	This motion is debatable, but not amendable.
	The effect is to "kill" the main	A majority vote is required to adopt.
	motion for the current session.	
Amend	A motion to change the wording of	A seconder is required.
	another motion before voting on it,	An amendment is debatable.
	usually by adding or inserting text,	A secondary amondment (amondment to an
	deleting text, or replacing text: "I move that the motion be	A secondary amendment (amendment to an amendment) is allowed, but a third level amendment is not allowed.
	amended by adding the words"	A majority vote is required to adopt.
Commit/Refer	A motion to send a pending motion	A seconder is required.
	to a committee or staff. Instructions	The motion is debatable (as to the merits of
	may be included: "I move that the	referral) and amendable.
	motion be referred to Staff, with	A majority vote is required to adopt.
	instruction to study and report back at the next regular	Trinajonty vote is required to duept.
	meeting."	
Postpone to a	A motion to postpone	A seconder is required.
certain time / Defer	consideration of a main motion to a	The motion is debatable (as to the merits of
	certain time:	postponement) and amendable.
	"I move that consideration of this	
	motion be postponed until the next	A majority vote is required to adopt.
Limit or Extend	regular meeting." A motion to limit or extend debate	When handled formally, requires a seconder and
Debate	on a motion, e.g.: "I move to	a majority vote, without debate.
Debate	extend debate on this motion by	
	ten minutes."	Can be decided by unanimous consent: "Is there
		any objection to extending debate on this motion by ten minutes?"
Call the Question	A motion to close debate and vote	When handled formally, requires a seconder and
Gail the Question	immediately	a majority vote, without debate.
		Closing debate can be done informally, by
		unanimous consent: "Is there any objection to
		ending debate?" Pause, then say: "There being
Lay on the Table, or	A motion to set a pending main	no objection, debate is closed." When handled formally, requires a seconder and
"Table"	motion aside to accommodate	a majority vote, without debate.
	something else of immediate urgency:	Typically the decision to table is made informally, by unanimous consent.
	"I see that our invited expert on	When Council is ready to resume debate of the
	has arrived and will need to	tabled motion, it may do so with or without a
	leave in thirty minutes. I move that	motion to "take/lift from the table."
	we table the motion so we can	
	hear from this expert now."	

Privileged Motions
The five privileged motions can be addressed formally (by a motion) or informally (by unanimous consent).

The motion	The usage	The Process
Call for the Orders of the Day	A demand by a member that the agreed upon schedule be adhered to, e.g.: proceed to a prescheduled item when the time for it arrived: "I call for the orders of the day."	The Chair responds to the call by enforcing the agreed upon schedule. By a majority vote or by unanimous consent, the assembly can decide to deviate from the adopted schedule.
Point of Order	Used to point to a perceived violation of a law, bylaw, rules of order or policy	A Member raises a point of order, the Chair must decide the point of order without debate
Point of Privilege	A request or a motion, usually relating to the privileges of the assembly (e.g.: a complaint about noise or other distractions).	A question of privilege generally should not interrupt a speaker (unless the circumstances require it to interrupt), without debate. If the person is making a request (e.g.: that noise issues be addressed), this is handled informally by the Chair.
Recess	A motion to take a short intermission in the proceedings: "I move we take a ten minute recess."	If dealt with formally, requires a seconder and a majority vote, without debate. The motion is typically treated by unanimous consent: "Is there any objection to a ten minute recess?" (Pause). "There being no objection, we are in recess and will resume the meeting at"
Terminate	A motion to close the meeting.	If dealt with formally, requires a seconder and a majority vote, without debate. This motion can be handled by unanimous consent: "Is there any further business?" Pause. "There being no further business, the meeting is terminated."
Fix the Time to Which to Adjourn	A motion to set an "adjourned meeting" (a continuation of the same meeting, to conclude the same order of business, e.g.: when a public hearing is not concluded).	If dealt with formally, requires a seconder and a majority vote, without debate. The motion is often treated by unanimous consent: "Is there any objection to scheduling a meeting on to continue the public hearing?" Pause. "There being no objection, a continuation of this meeting has been scheduled for"

Appendix D – Glossary of Terms and Parliamentary Procedures

Amendments

An amendment is a motion to change the wording of another motion before voting on it. The amendment sets aside the motion which it proposes to modify. A motion to amend a debatable motion is debatable and requires the same steps shown for a Main Motion.

There are three main methods of amending a motion:

- by inserting or adding words/paragraphs
- by striking out words/paragraphs
- by striking out and inserting words/paragraphs.

Appeal or Challenge of the Chair

A motion that allows Members to disagree with the Chair's ruling in accordance with the Community Charter.

Division of a Question

A motion to divide the Main Motion and consider its components separately.

Lay on the Table

A motion to set the Main Motion aside temporarily, to accommodate another matter of immediate urgency.

Main Motion

- A motion that is made to bring any particular subject before Council.
- No Main Motion can be made when another motion is pending.
- A Main Motion yields to all privileged, incidental or subsidiary motions.
- Main motions are debatable, are subject to amendment, and can have subsidiary motions applied.
- When a Main Motion is Laid on the Table or postponed to a certain time, it carries all pending subsidiary motions with it.
- Main motions require only a majority vote.

Motion to Call the Question

- Cannot be amended.
- Cannot be proposed when there is an amendment under consideration.
- Shall preclude all further amendments of the main question.
- When resolved in the affirmative, the question is to be put forthwith without debate or amendment.
- May be voted against by the Mover and Seconder.

Number of amendments

- a Primary Amendment changes the wording of the Main Motion
- a Secondary Amendment changes the wording of the Primary Amendment
- only one Main Motion, one Primary Amendment, and one Secondary Amendment may be pending at the same time
- a third level amendment is not allowed.

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Number of Votes

If a Main Motion and two amendments are pending, three votes are needed:

- first, a vote on the Secondary amendment
- second, a vote on the Primary amendment
- third, a vote on the Main Motion, as amended.

Point of Order

A statement by a Member that a rule has been violated.

Point of Privilege

Raising a question on the Main Motion relating to the rights of the assembly or the individual while business is pending, and where the request motion would otherwise not be allowed.

Postpone Definitely

A motion to postpone consideration of the Main Motion to a future time.

Postpone Indefinitely or Deferral

A motion to decline to take a position on a pending Main Motion.

Referral

A motion to send a main motion to staff or a committee for further study or action.